Attention:- 1- Possession & Use of mobiles & other electronic accessories are strictly prohibited.

If any one possess / uses , his /her case will be sent to unfair means committee.

2- If any candidate show / Marks his / her identity in the answer book , he / she will be

disqualified for the said paper.

Subject:-

(PHILOSOPHY)

Paper:- IX (Final)

Muslim Thought in Sub-Continent

Time Allowed: - 3 Hours

Max: Marks: 100

<u>Note</u>: - Attempt any Five Questions in All But Question No. 1- in section –I is compulsory and the time for Section-I is only 40 Minutes. After Expiry of the Time paper should be handed over to the supervisory staff.

SECTION -I (OBJECTIVE PORTION 20 MARKS)

O.No.1 Write short answers of the Seven following Questions.

i. Utilitenimism.

ii. Naturalistic fallacy.

iii. Microcosm.

iv. Meliorism.

v. Materialism.

vi. Monotheism.

vii. Egoism.

viii. Incorporialism.

ix. Profitic profession.

x. Free will.

SECTION -II(SUBJECTIVE PORTION 80 MARKS) TIME ALLOWED 2:20 Attempt any Four (04) questions.

	t 1 1 1 1 service stationary avalain?
Q.No.2	If the people are moving to forward why the law remain stationery explain?
Q.No.3	Being out the difference between Shaikh Ahmed and Ibni Arabi.
Q.No.4	Define Iqbal's ego?.
Q.No.5	What are the characteristics of religions experience?
Q.No.6	Discuss in detail the social economic Political thought of Shah Waliullah?
Q.No.7	Explain Shah Waliullahs philosophy of theism and Pantheism?
Q.No.8	What impact come after Sir Syed Ahmed Khan's thought?
Q.No.9	How Ali Hijwairi explain met a physics?
Q.No.10	Explain in detail dialectical Mondology in reference to M.M Sharif?

		MA/MSc (ANN	NUAL) EXAMI	NATION .2014.		
Attention:-	1- Pos	ssession & Use of mobile	es & other electr	onic accessories are s	rictly p	prohibited.
	Ifa	any one possess / uses , h	is /her case will	be sent to unfair mean	is comr	nittee.
	2- If a	any candidate show / Ma	rks his / her ider	ntity in the answer boo	k, he/	she will be
		squalified for the said par				
Subject:-	CIIS		(PHILOSPHY	Y F	aper:-	VII (Final)
Subject.			Logic.		- P	
Tim	e Allowed :- 3	3 House	Logic.		19	Max : Marks : 100
			No. 1 in	and the second		
		Questions in All But Qu				
Section- Li		utes. After Expiry of the			the sup	ervisory staff.
		ECTION -I (OBJECTI				
Q.No.1 A.	point out	"true or false" as regards	s only six of the	following statements		
I.	Logic is not	t a normative science				
II.	Every senter	nce is a proposition.				
		the founder of Logic				
		propositions distribute t	their predicates.			
		subject and predicate in		places		
		definition is fallacious.				
		form of Immediate infe	rence			
		alid syllogistic form.				
		n occurs in the conclusion	n			
		ry propositions may both				
		d, Validity' have the san				
XII.	A valid sylle	ogism has three term on!	y.			
	C: 1:	C1 ' .: C O	(07) CU C	11		
В.		ef description of any Se		The state of the s		
	I.	Connotation	11.	Valid		
	III.	Proposition	IV.	Syllogism		
	V.	Ms species	VI.	Distribution of term	S	
	VII	Definitions	VIII.	Major Term		
	IX.	Genus	X.	Obverse		
	XI.	Illicit Minor	XII.	Existential import		
	XIII.	 Emotive Definition 	XIV.	Differentia		
	SECTION -I	II(SUBJECTIVE POR	TION 80 MA	RKS) TIME ALLO	WED 2	:20
			ny Four (04) qu			C. C
Q.No.2	What is "	reasoning" Differentiate	between deduct	ive and inductive reas	oning.	
Q.No.3		Categorical Syllogism er				easoning.
Q.No.4	Draw the t	traditional 'Square of O	pposition what a	re the rules of various	kinds o	of Opposition of
X 10 (0.1)	propositio				20347017	pp
Q.No.5		e and explain various typ	es of "Definition	n"		
Q.No.6		the validity of the follow				
Q.,140.0	L'Admin'e t	he validity of the follow.	mg with the help	of vem Diagrams.		
	i) A	O O - 1				
		A] -2				
		E E - 3				
	70.					
0 N 7	377	00-4	•			
Q.No.7		the validity of the follow	ing arguments w	in the help of I ruth I	ables.	
	i) A ⊃ B	Nilson West				
	. → B					
	ii)A ⊃ (B					
	(BVC)	⊃ ~ A				
	∴ ~A					
	iii) M ⊃ (N	$V \supset O$				
		D)⊃ Ḿ				
	·M V					
	iv) B					
		3 ⊃ C				
O No 9		e Mills methods of induc	tive inference T	evalain any one of the	m in da	tail and over-in-
Q.No.8.					и ш ае	tan and examine i
Q.No.9.	Define Hy	pothesis. How is a Hypo	amesis verified a	na comfined.		

What is Probability. Bring out the usefulness of this concept in every day life.

♦♦♦♦♦♦♦♦

Q.No.10.

Possession & Use of mobiles & other electronic accessories are strictly prohibited. Attention:-1-If any one possess / uses , his /her case will be sent to unfair means committee.

If any candidate show / Marks his / her identity in the answer book , he / she will be 2-

disqualified for the said paper.

Subject:

(PHILOSOPHY)

Paper:-

VIII (Final)

Contemporary Western Philosophy

Time Allowed: - 3 Hours

Max: Marks: 100

Note: - Attempt any Five Questions in All But Question No. 1- in section -I is compulsory and the time for Section-I is only 40 Minutes. After Expiry of the Time paper should be handed over to the supervisory staff.

SECTION -I (OBJECTIVE PORTION 20 MARKS)

following Questions. Write short answers of the Q.No.1

a. Name three Existentialist thinkers

b. Who used the term Elan Vital

c. Name three pragmatic Philosopher?

d. Who presented the Apollonian verses Dionysian?

e. Name three Vienna Circle School of thought Philosophers of 1946.

f. What is the pragmatic concept of truth.

g. Write name of three stages of Kierkegard.h. Who is the author of a Language, Truth and Logic.

i. What is Master Morality' verses s dove Morality.

j. Who presented the theory of "Elan Vital"

SECTION -II (SUBJECTIVE PORTION 80 MARKS) TIME ALLOWED 2:20 Attempt any Four (04) questions.

Q.No.2		Discuss Nietzsche's view of eternal ressurrence as a way of avoiding relativism.
Q.No.3		Comment on Beryson's Conception of instinct and his distrust of Intellect.
Q.No.4		Freedom is the first fundamental precondition of action. Discuss with reference to Sartre's Philosophy.
Q.No.5		Discuss the connections between existence, freedom and Morality in Existentialism.
Q.No.6		Examine Heidegger's Philosophy of Death.
Q.No.7	*	What is pragmatism? How it is Valuable for education and Values.

What is logical Positivism Explain in detail Q.No.8

William James relate Truth with Practice Discuss. Q.No.9

Attention:- 1- Possession & Use of mobiles & other electronic accessories are strictly prohibited.

If any one possess / uses, his /her case will be sent to unfair means committee.

2- If any candidate show / Marks his / her identity in the answer book, he / she will be disqualified for the said paper.

Subject:-

(PHILOSOPHY) Philosophy of Religion

Paper:- X(Final)

Time Allowed: - 3 Hours

Max: Marks: 100

<u>Note</u>: - Attempt any Five Questions in All But Question No. 1- in section —I is compulsory and the time for Section-I is only 40 Minutes. After Expiry of the Time paper should be handed over to the supervisory staff.

SECTION -I (OBJECTIVE PORTION 20 MARKS)

Q.No.1 Write short answers of the 10 following Questions.

- i) Mystic experience.
- ii) Vagueness
- iii) Plurality of causes
- iv) Analogy of Grace
- v) Immortality
- vi) Ontological Argument for Divine existence
- vii) Belief
- viii) Pantheism
- ix) Uniqueness
- x) Logical Necessity
- xi) Anthropomorphism
- xii) Omnipotence
- xiii) Petitio Prencipii
- xiv) Moral Evil
- xv) Resurrection

SECTION -II(SUBJECTIVE PORTION 80 MARKS) TIME ALLOWED 2:20 Attempt any Four (04) questions.

Q.No.2	Define "Religion" Give a brief introduction to some of the major problems of philosophy of Religion
Q.No.3	State and examine design argument for divine existence
Q.No.4	What is Divine Omnipotence How can it be reconciled with mans power to act freely.
Q.No.5	How does Marxism pose a challenge to Religion. How does Religion put up a defence against it
Q.No.6	Write an essay on the role of reason in religion.
Q.No.7	Define Religious Language, How does it differ from ordinary every day Language
Q.No.8	What is mystic experience. How does it differ from prophetic conscrousness
Q.No.9	State and examine Moral Argument for immortality.

0<0><0>0<

Attention:- 1- Possession & Use of mobiles & other electronic accessories are strictly prohibited.

If any one possess / uses , his /her case will be sent to unfair means committee.

If any candidate show / Marks his / her identity in the answer book, he / she will be

disqualified for the said paper.

2-

Time Allowed: - 3 Hours

Subject:- (PHILOSOPHY)

(PHILOSOPHY) Paper:- XI (Final)
Philosophy of History

Max: Marks: 100

<u>Note</u>: - Attempt any Five Questions in All But Question No. 1- in section — I is compulsory and the time for Section-I is only 40 Minutes. After Expiry of the Time paper should be handed over to the supervisory staff.

SECTION -I (OBJECTIVE PORTION 20 MARKS)

Q.No.1 Write short answers of the following Questions.

1- What is historical narrative?

2- What is historical process?

3- What is the relationship between micro and macro levels of historical inquiry?

4- What is the relationship between agency and structure in historical explanation?

5- Are there historical epochs?

6- How do comparison/function in historical writing?

7- Are there similar large historical process in separate regions?

8- Is there such a thing as historical necessity? What would this be?

9- Are there ground for defining the scope of historical analysis-period, region?

10- What is history?

SECTION -II(SUBJECTIVE PORTION 80 MARKS) TIME ALLOWED 2:20 Attempt any Four (04) questions.

What is historical causation? Are there social mechanisms that explain historical change? Q.No.2 What can comparative historical research tell us about large historical change? Q.No.3 What is the role of theory and hypothesis in historical analysis? How do social science theory play O.No.4 roles in historical explanations? What issues arise in linking available historical evidence to historical interpretations? Q.No.5 Write a comprehensive note on the Quranic concept of History. Q.No.6 Give a critical analysis of Ibn-Khaldun's Muqaddimah and Examinations of Asabiyya concept. Q.No.7 Write a comprehensive note on Materialistic Interpretation of History. Q.No.8 Explain and critically examine Spangler's view of History. Q.No.9

♦>♦♦♦♦♦♦♦♦

Attention:-

Possession & Use of mobiles & other electronic accessories are strictly prohibited. If any one possess / uses, his /her case will be sent to unfair means committee.

2- If any candidate show / Marks his / her identity in the answer book , he / she will be disqualified for the said paper .

Subject:-

Philosophy Ethics.

Paper:-I (Prev)

Time Allowed :- 3 Hours

Max: Marks: 100

Note: Attempt any Five Questions in All But Question No. 1- in section—I is compulsory and the time for Section-I is only 40 Minutes. After Expiry of the Time paper should be handed over to the supervisory staff.

SECTION -I (OBJECTIVE PORTION 20 MARKS)

Q.No.1

Write short answers of the following Questions.

- i Define Sumum Bonum.
- ii Define the meaning of philosophy.
- iii Define Hedonism.
- iv Define Utilitarianism.
- v Define determinism.
- vi What is categorical imperative?
- vii What is hypothetical imperative?
- ix Define Justice.
- x Define altruism.

SECTION -II(SUBJECTIVE PORTION 80 MARKS) TIME ALLOWED 2:20 Attempt any Four (04) questions.

Discuss the nature of Ethics. Is ethics branch of Philosophy or Science. Q.No.2 What is the basic concept of Ethics good or right? Bring out the bearing of each of them on the Q.No.3 moral theories. Briefly discuss and criticise the ethical views of Spinoza. Q.No.4 Critically discuss various formulation of kant's categorical imperative. What is the central thesis of Q.No.5 his theory of morals? Stat and explain G.E Moore's argument for his thesis that "good is indefinable" Q.No.6 What is, from the ethical point of view, the aim of punishment? is society justified in punishing a Q.No.7 criminal? If so why? What do you mean by freedom of will? What is meant by saying that freedom is presuppositions Q.No.8 of moral life. Compare the empirical Hedonism of mill with the rational hedonism of sidgwick. How for does Q.No.9 the latter avoid the faults of former? Write a comprehensive note on utilitarianism. Q.No.10

Possession & Use of mobiles & other electronic accessories are strictly prohibited . Attention:-1-If any one possess / uses , his /her case will be sent to unfair means committee. 2-If any candidate show / Marks his / her identity in the answer book, he / she will be disqualified for the said paper. Paper:-II (Prev) (PHILOSOPHY) Subject:-Medieval Muslim Philosophy Max: Marks: 100 Time Allowed: - 3 Hours Note: - Attempt any Five Questions in All But Question No. 1- in section - I is compulsory and the time for Section- I is only 40 Minutes. After Expiry of the Time paper should be handed over to the supervisory staff. SECTION -I (OBJECTIVE PORTION 20 MARKS) following Questions. Write short answers of the Q.No.1 i. Write the name of Book of Al-Ghazali in which he criticize Avicenna and Al-Farabi. Write the name of author of Hayy Ibn Yaqzan. 11. Define Divine Attributes. mi. Write the name of author of "Tahafat-ul-Tahafa". iv. Al-Kindi was the Philosopher. V. God cannot be seen with Physical eyes according to ___ vi. Asharism developed during century. vii. According to Ikhwaanal-Safa there are kinds of motions. viii. says that the art of Logic gives in general the rules which if followed can correct the ix. mind and direct man to the right way to the truth and away from the pitfall of error. SECTION -II(SUBJECTIVE PORTION 80 MARKS) TIME ALLOWED 2:20 Attempt any Four (04) questions. Give a brief story of the influence of Greek thought on Muslim Philosophers. Q.No.2 Enumerate and explain the characteristic of mystic experience. Q.No.3 How does Al-Ghazali refute Muslim Philosophy? Discuss in detail. Q.No.4 On which points Asharite theology differ from Mutazilites. Explain in detail. Q.No.5 Discuss Asharite Atomism in detail. Q.No.6 Give a description of the analysis of sense perception as given by Ibn Sina. Q.No.7 Write a detail essay on the importance of Al-Kindi's contribution. Q.No.8

00000000

What is the rationale of the theory of Emanation in Farabi's Philosophy.

Q.No.9

UNIVERSITY OF BALOCHISTAN QUETTA MA / MSc (ANNUAL) EXAMINATION .2014. Possession & Use of mobiles & other electronic accessories are strictly prohibited. Attention:-If any one possess / uses, his /her case will be sent to unfair means committee. If any candidate show / Marks his / her identity in the answer book , he / she will be 2disqualified for the said paper. Paper:- III (Prev) (PHILOSOPHY) Subject:-Greek & Medieval Philosophy Max: Marks: 100 Time Allowed: - 3 Hours Note: Attempt any Five Questions in All But Question No. 1- in section -I is compulsory and the time for Section-I is only 40 Minutes. After Expiry of the Time paper should be handed over to the supervisory staff. SECTION -I (OBJECTIVE PORTION 20 MARKS) Attempt any 20 questions out of 30 questions. All questions carry equal marls. Q.No.1 Who for the first time tried to restore the objectivity of knowledge? 1. a. Plato b. Socrates c. Gavgias 2. Who Identifies "Sun Light" with Education? a. Aristotle b. Plato c. Stoics. "Virtue is a mean between two extreme" shorted by 3. a. Socrates b. Plato c. Aristotle. Who says that the universe is TELEOLOGICAL? 4. a. DEMOCRITUS b. ANAXAGORAS c. Stoics "Knowledge is by perception" stated by 5. a. Socrates b. Protagora's c. Plato "Love and hate" is the moving force for. 6. a. Democritus b. Empedocles c. Anaxagoras "Being and Not-being both are real" stated by. 7. a. Atomists b. PARMENIDES c. Plato. "Motion and Plurality are unreal" stated by. 8. a. ZENO b. HERACLITUS c. DEMOCRITUS. The problem of Quality is explained in term of Quantity" by 9. a. Thales b. Anaximander c. Anaximene. Who is considerd the father and founder of Philosophy? 10. a. Parmenides b. Thales c. Plato. Tick True False. (b) 1. For Aneximander "NOUS" is the moving force. T/F 2. For Socrates knowledge is virtue. T/F T/F 3. Plato was a Realist. T/F 4. Xenophans was a pantheist. T/F

5. Pythagorans did not believe opposites. 6. For ARISTOTLE Universals are substances. T/F

7. For Parmenides being and Not-Being are one and the same thing. T/F

8. Gorgias says that "Man is the measure of all thing" T/F T/F 9. For Hera elaitus being is real 10. for Atomist weight is the moving force. T/F

Match the Right One.

1. Rarefaction and condensation Zeno.

Evolution theory. 2. Sinquanon Sophists 3. Teleology

Pythagorean 4. Empedocles Teacher of Virtue 5. Anaximander

6. Hera eleitus Essence 7. Impossibility of knowledge Anaximene Becoming 8. Number Anaxagoras 9. Plurality and Motion Element. 10. Socrates

SECTION-II (SUBJECTIVE PORTION 80 MARKS) TIME ALLOWED 2:20

Attempt any Four (04) questions.

How does Empedocles explain the nature of universe.? Q.No.2 How does Zeno rejects plurality and motion in order to support his philosophy of Being? Q.No.3 Critically examine Pythagorean's Philosophy. Q.No.4 How does Socrates restore the objectivity of knowledge? Q.No.5 Critically examine Democritus's Philosophy of Particles. Q.No.6

"Man is the measure of all thing "critically analyse this statement. Q.No.7

What do you know about Plato's theory of Morality? Q.No.8

Discuss in detail Aristotle's Causation. Q.No.9 "Every thing comes from God by necessity" Elaborate it with reference to Plotinus. O.No.10

Possession & Use of mobiles & other electronic accessories are strictly prohibited. Attention:-If any one possess / uses , his /her case will be sent to unfair means committee.

If any candidate show / Marks his / her identity in the answer book , he / she will be 2disqualified for the said paper.

Subject:-

Q.No.9

(PHILOSOPHY)

Paper:- IV (Prev)

History of Modern Western Philosophy.

Time Allowed: - 3 Hours

Max: Marks: 100

Note: - Attempt any Five Questions in All But Question No. 1- in section -I is compulsory and the time for Section- I is only 40 Minutes. After Expiry of the Time paper should be handed over to the supervisory staff.

SECTION -I (OBJECTIVE PORTION 20 MARKS)

Write short answers of the 10 following Questions. O.No.1

- i) How is history different from the Philosophy of history.
- ii) Are fosils useful in the study of history If so now?
- iii) How can the objectivity of history be maintained?
- iv) Very briefly state the main points of Hegel's philosophy of history.
- v) Write down the name of the Ibn Khaldun's famous book of history.
- vi) Briefly describe Historical Materialism.
- vii) What is class less society?
- viii) What is the significance of the Quranic narration of certain historical events?
- ix) Can a pattern be discovered in the process of history?
- x) What are the characteristics of nomadic society?
- xi) Does history repeat it self.
- xii) Who was Spangler?
- xiii) Does the historian write history or interprets history?
- xiv) Give a very short introduction to Toynbee's view of history.

SECTION -II (SUBJECTIVE PORTION 80 MARKS) TIME ALLOWED 2:20 Attempt any Four (04) questions.

- How will you differentiate philosophy of history from history and also bring out the Q.No.2 role of scientific method in this regard. Highlight the salient features of Ibn khaldun's philosophy of History. Q.No.3 What are the essential laws of dialectics? How can these be applied to history? **O.No.4** State and critically examine Toynbee's views about history. Q.No.5 Write a detailed and critical note on Historical Materialism. Q.No.6 State and evaluate the Quraniconcept of history. Q.No.7 Can the law of causation be applied to the events of history. If so, how? Q.No.8
 - Trace the influence of Hegel on Karl Marx with regard to their views of history.

<><><><>><>><

Possession & Use of mobiles & other electronic accessories are strictly prohibited . 1-Attention:-If any one possess / uses , his /her case will be sent to unfair means committee.

If any candidate show / Marks his / her identity in the answer book, he / she will be 2-

disqualified for the said paper.

(PHILOSOPHY) Subject:-Meta Physics. Paper:- V (Prev)

Time Allowed: - 3 Hours

Max: Marks: 100

Note: - Attempt any Five Questions in All But Question No. 1- in section -I is compulsory and the time for Section-1 is only 40 Minutes. After Expiry of the Time paper should be handed over to the supervisory staff.

SECTION -I (OBJECTIVE PORTION 20 MARKS)

Write short answers of the following Questions. Q.No.1

What are the main issues of Metaphysics? i.

ii. Were all pre-Socratic thinkers moral philosophers?

Define Religion iii.

iv. Who is a dualist?

What is the meaning of word "Telos."? V.

What is subjective Idealism? vi. What is a analytic proposition? vii.

What do you mean by contingent being? viii.

What is religious determinism? ix.

Had Kant criticized the ontological argument? X.

SECTION -II (SUBJECTIVE PORTION 80 MARKS) TIME ALLOWED 2:20 Attempt any Four (04) questions.

Q.No.2	What are Forms? How do they differ from the physical worlds?
Q.No.3	One of the most important tenets of Logical Positivism in the Principal of verification. Discuss
Q.No.4	Briefly describe, at least, there proof for the existence of God.
Q.No.5	How would you explain the main conflict between freedom and Determinism?
Q.No.6	The presence of evil in the world seems to oppose the idea the God is all- good. Explain.
Q.No.7	Define Metaphysics. Can metaphysics be distinguished from religion.
Q.No.8	What is the mind-body problem? How did Descartes solve it?

◇>><<</p>◇

Possession & Use of mobiles & other electronic accessories are strictly prohibited. Attention:-If any one possess / uses, his /her case will be sent to unfair means committee.

If any candidate show / Marks his / her identity in the answer book, he / she will be

disqualified for the said paper.

Subject:-

PHILOSOPHY

Paper:- IV (Prev)

History of Modern Western Philosophy

Time Allowed: - 3 Hours

2-

Max: Marks: 100

Note: - Attempt any Five Questions in All But Question No. 1- in section -I is compulsory and the time for Section- I is only 40 Minutes. After Expiry of the Time paper should be handed over to the supervisory staff.

SECTION -1 (OBJECTIVE PORTION 20 MARKS)

Q.No.1 Write short answers of the 10 following Questions.

Bergeron can be regarded as the father of modern Philosophy T/F

Pineal gland's the point of contract between body and mind according the Descartes. T/F ii.

For Spinoza material a toms are the ultimate reality. T/F iii.

The doctrine of pre-established Harmony was given by Leibnitz T/F IV.

Locke was a rationalist T/F v.

Benkeley gave the doctrine of subjective Idealism vi. T/F For Hume Ideas are dim copies of impressions. T/F vii. Kant was a Psychologist. T/F VIII. T/F Dialectical Method was invented by Hegel. ix. Locke invented the psycho-analytic method. T/F X. Descartes gave the sceptical Method. T/F xi.

T/F Leibnitz wrote "Crtique of pure reason. Xii.

Benkeley rejected the idea of Material substance. T/F xiii. For Kant ultimate Reality is unknowable. T/F xiv.

Marx believed in historical materialism. T/F

SECTION -II(SUBJECTIVE PORTION 80 MARKS) TIME ALLOWED 2:20 Attempt any Four (04) questions.

Bring out he character of Modern Philosophy and enumerate its characteristics. Q.No.2

Write a detailed and critical note on Descartes Dualism. Q.No.3

Why is Spinoza called God-intoxicated, man? What are his views about the intellectual love of Q.No.4 God?

Discuss in detail? Leibnitz doctrine of monads. Also offer your comments. Q.No.5

"Semation and Reflection are the two windows through which the light of external world Q.No.6 penetrates into the dark chamber of the mind" Discuss.

Why did Berkeley with draw the distinction between the primary and secondary qualities of Q.No.7 Locke. What was the result of this with drawl?

Discuss at length the Hegelian doctrine of the Absolute. Q.No.8

How do we know and what do we know according to Kant? Q.No.9

What are the three Laws of dialectices witch according to Marx, are operative in the process of Q.No.10. history explain in detail.

><<>><<>><<